

# Coinitial semantics for redecoration of triangular matrices

Benedikt Ahrens

joint work with Régis Spadotti

Institut de Recherche en Informatique de Toulouse  
Université Paul Sabatier

Journées GeoCal 2014

- Category-theoretic semantics of **heterogeneous coinductive** data types in Martin-Löf type theory
- ↪ Develop a notion of “coalgebra” for the signature of a codata type
- Incorporate canonical cosubstitution

In this talk we consider

the codata type of **infinite triangular matrices**

- ① Syntax: initiality for W-types and heterogeneous inductives
- ② Cosyntax: infinite triangular matrices and redecoration
- ③ Coinitiality for Tri

- ① Syntax: initiality for W-types and heterogeneous inductives
- ② Cosyntax: infinite triangular matrices and redecoration
- ③ Coinitiality for Tri

## Well-founded trees as **initial algebra** of polynomial functor

- Trees specified by  $A$  and  $x : A \vdash B(x)$
- Type of natural numbers  $\mathbb{N} := W A B$  with:

$$A = \{O, S\}, \quad B(O) = \{\}, \quad B(S) = \{*\}$$

- The type  $W A B$  is the (carrier of) the initial algebra of

$$X \mapsto \sum_{a:A} X^{B(a)}$$

- Dybjer '97, Moerdijk and Palmgren '00

motivation: **binding syntax**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LC}(X : \text{Type}) \quad ::= & \text{Var} : X \rightarrow \text{LC}(X) \\ & | \text{App} : \text{LC}(X) \times \text{LC}(X) \rightarrow \text{LC}(X) \\ & | \text{Abs} : \text{LC}(X + 1) \rightarrow \text{LC}(X) \end{aligned}$$

heterogeneity of Abs:

recursive argument with bigger parameter  $X + 1$

substitution:

$$\text{subst}_{X,Y} : (X \rightarrow \text{LC}(Y)) \rightarrow \text{LC}(X) \rightarrow \text{LC}(Y)$$

avoiding capture:

$$\text{shift}_{X,Y} : (X \rightarrow \text{LC}(Y)) \rightarrow X + 1 \rightarrow \text{LC}(Y + 1)$$

Initial semantics for lambda calculus: Fiore, Plotkin & Turi '99

- characterizes not only data type but also **substitution**
- reformulated using **monads** by Hirschowitz & Maggesi '07

Basis for this reformulation:

Lemma (Substitution is monadic: Altenkirch & Reus '99)

$(\text{LC}, \text{Var}, \text{subst})$  *forms a monad (in Kleisli form)*

Definition (Algebra for signature of LC, H & M '07)

- a monad  $(T, \text{unit}, \gg=)$  on Type
- two **morphisms of modules over  $T$** ,

$$\text{App} : T \times T \rightarrow T$$

$$\text{Abs} : T(\_ + 1) \rightarrow T$$



Definition (Algebra for signature of LC, H & M '07)

- a monad  $(T, \text{unit}, \ggg)$  on Type
- two **morphisms of modules over  $T$** ,

$$\text{App} : T \times T \rightarrow T$$

$$\text{Abs} : T(\_ + 1) \rightarrow T$$

“Module morphism” expresses **distributivity of substitution**:

$$\text{App} (s, t) \ggg f = \text{App} (s \ggg f, t \ggg f)$$

$$\text{Abs} t \ggg f = \text{Abs} (t \ggg \text{shift}^T f)$$

# Initial semantics for $\lambda$ -calculus using monads

Definition (Algebra for signature of LC, H & M '07)

- a monad  $(T, \text{unit}, \gg=)$  on Type
- two **morphisms of modules over  $T$** ,

$$\text{App} : T \times T \rightarrow T$$

$$\text{Abs} : T(\_ + 1) \rightarrow T$$

“Module morphism” expresses **distributivity of substitution**:

$$\text{App} (s, t) \gg= f \quad = \quad \text{App} (s \gg= f, t \gg= f)$$

$$\text{Abs} t \gg= f \quad = \quad \text{Abs} (t \gg= \text{shift}^T f)$$

Lemma (Initial semantics for LC, H & M '07)

$(\text{LC}, \text{App}, \text{Abs})$  is the initial algebra, where  $\text{LC} = (\text{LC}, \text{Var}, \text{subst})$

# Goal: characterize **codata** types with **cosubstitution**

## Goal

dualize techniques of H & M to characterize

- **codata** types with
- **cosubstitution**

as **terminal** object

## In this talk we consider

- the **codata** type of infinite triangular matrices
- with **redecoration** operation

- ① Syntax: initiality for W-types and heterogeneous inductives
- ② Cosyntax: infinite triangular matrices and redecoration
- ③ Coinitiality for Tri

# An example of cosyntax: infinite triangular matrices

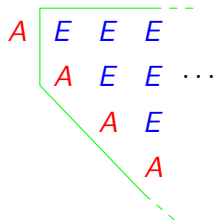
Tri: the codata type of infinite triangular matrices

- omit redundant information below the diagonal
- have a **variable** type  $A$  of diagonal elements
  - e.g. invertible elements
- a fixed type  $E$  of elements for rest of matrix
- usage: Pascal matrices (binomial coefficients), mathematical physics (infinite-dim. problems)

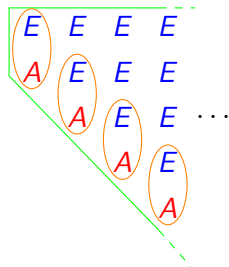
$$\begin{array}{cccc} A & E & E & E \\ & A & E & E \dots \\ & & A & E \\ & & & A \end{array}$$

# Matrices through trapezia: the destructors of Tri

$$\frac{t : \text{Tri}(A)}{\text{top}_A(t) : A}$$

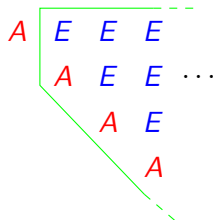


$$\frac{t : \text{Tri}(A)}{\text{rest}_A(t) : \text{Tri}(E \times A)}$$

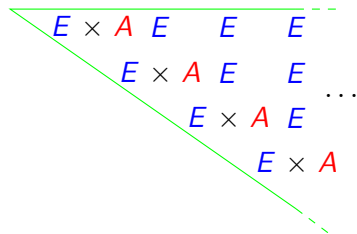


# Matrices through trapezia: the destructors of Tri

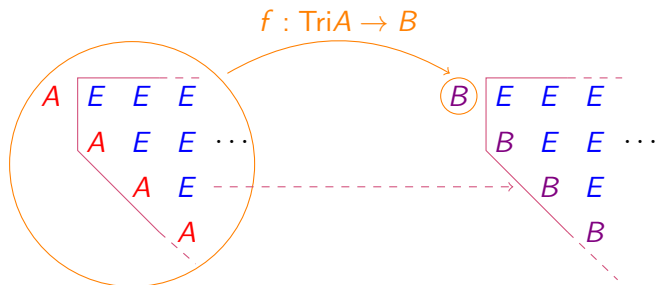
$$\frac{t : \text{Tri}(A)}{\text{top}_A(t) : A}$$



$$\frac{t : \text{Tri}(A)}{\text{rest}_A(t) : \text{Tri}(E \times A)}$$



$$\text{redec}_{A,B} : (\text{Tri}A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow (\text{Tri}A \rightarrow \text{Tri}B)$$



$$\begin{aligned} \text{top}(\text{redec } f \ t) &:= f \ t \quad \text{and} \\ \text{rest}(\text{redec } f \ t) &:= \text{redec}(\text{lift } f)(\text{rest } t) . \end{aligned}$$

with  $\text{lift } f : \text{Tri}(E \times A) \rightarrow E \times B$



# Tri is a weak constructive comonad

Sameness = **bisimilarity**

Bisimilarity  $\sim$  coinductively defined via destructors

$$\frac{t \sim t'}{\text{top}(t) = \text{top}(t')} \qquad \frac{t \sim t'}{\text{rest}(t) \sim \text{rest}(t')}$$

Lemma (Matthes and Picard '11)

$(\text{Tri} : \text{Type} \rightarrow \text{Type}, \text{top}, \text{redec})$  forms a “weak constructive comonad”.

$\rightsquigarrow$  “weak constructive” refers to compatibility conditions with bisimilarity

# Tri is a relative comonad

Alternatively,  $\text{Tri}A$  is a **setoid** rather than a (plain) type

$$\text{top}_A : \text{Setoid}(\text{Tri}A, \text{eq}A)$$
$$\text{redec}_{A,B} : \text{Setoid}(\text{Tri}A, \text{eq}B) \rightarrow \text{Setoid}(\text{Tri}A, \text{Tri}B)$$

with  $\text{eq} : \text{Type} \rightarrow \text{Setoid}$

# Tri is a relative comonad

Alternatively,  $\text{Tri}A$  is a **setoid** rather than a (plain) type

$$\text{top}_A : \text{Setoid}(\text{Tri}A, \text{eq}A)$$
$$\text{redec}_{A,B} : \text{Setoid}(\text{Tri}A, \text{eq}B) \rightarrow \text{Setoid}(\text{Tri}A, \text{Tri}B)$$

with  $\text{eq} : \text{Type} \rightarrow \text{Setoid}$

Lemma (Reformulation of Matthes and Picard '11)

$(\text{Tri} : \text{Type} \rightarrow \text{Setoid}, \text{top}, \text{redec})$  forms a *comonad relative to*  
 $\text{eq} : \text{Type} \rightarrow \text{Setoid}$ .

# Tri is a relative comonad

Alternatively,  $\text{Tri}A$  is a **setoid** rather than a (plain) type

$$\text{top}_A : \text{Setoid}(\text{Tri}A, \text{eq}A)$$
$$\text{redec}_{A,B} : \text{Setoid}(\text{Tri}A, \text{eq}B) \rightarrow \text{Setoid}(\text{Tri}A, \text{Tri}B)$$

with  $\text{eq} : \text{Type} \rightarrow \text{Setoid}$

Lemma (Reformulation of Matthes and Picard '11)

$(\text{Tri} : \text{Type} \rightarrow \text{Setoid}, \text{top}, \text{redec})$  forms a *comonad relative to*  $\text{eq} : \text{Type} \rightarrow \text{Setoid}$ .

Definition (**Relative** (co)monad, Alten., Chapm. & Uust. '10)

- underlying functor is **not** necessarily **endo**
- needs “mediating” functor (above:  $\text{eq}$ )

- ① Syntax: initiality for W-types and heterogeneous inductives
- ② Cosyntax: infinite triangular matrices and redecoration
- ③ Coinitiality for Tri

# Towards “coalgebras” for the signature of Tri

Goal: define “coalgebra” s.t. Tri is (the terminal) one

More specifically:

- define a notion of “morphism” for destructor `rest`
- requirement: want to capture interplay of `rest` and `redec`:

$$\text{rest}(\text{redec } f \ t) = \text{redec}(\text{lift } f)(\text{rest } t)$$

Analogous situation for syntax:

For the lambda calculus with monadic substitution:

$$\text{subst } f \ (\text{Abs } t) = \text{Abs } (\text{subst } (\text{shift } f) \ t)$$

## Morphisms of modules over monads

characterize distributivity of substitution over constructors

$$\text{Abs} : \text{LC}(\_ + 1) \rightarrow \text{LC}$$

$$\text{subst } f (\text{Abs } t) = \text{Abs} (\text{subst} (\text{shift } f) t)$$

## Morphisms of **comodules** over **relative comonads**

characterize distributivity of **cosubstitution** over destructors

$$\text{rest} : \text{Tri} \rightarrow \text{Tri}(E \times \_)$$

$$\text{rest} (\text{redec } f t) = \text{redec} (\text{lift } f) (\text{rest } t)$$

## Definition (Category of coalgebras)

A coalgebra for the signature of Tri is given by a pair  $(T, r)$ :

- a comonad  $T$  relative to  $\text{eq} : \text{Type} \rightarrow \text{Setoid}$
- a morphism of comodules over  $T$

$$r : T \rightarrow T(E \times \_)$$

Morphisms: ...

## Lemma

$(\text{Tri}, \text{rest})$  is the terminal object in the above category.

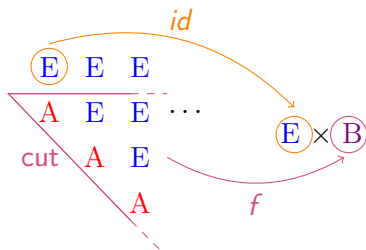
That's **almost** how it works ...



Definition of

$$\text{lift}_A : (\text{Tri}A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow \text{Tri}(E \times A) \rightarrow E \times B$$

requires auxiliary function  $\text{cut}_A : \text{Tri}(E \times A) \rightarrow \text{Tri}A$



# A specified cut for any coalgebra

- we were not able to define cut categorically
- fix: every coalgebra  $(T, r)$  comes with a **specified**

$$c_A : T(E \times A) \rightarrow TA$$

and equations characterizing  $c$

- $c^{\text{Tri}} := \text{cut}$  for  $\text{Tri}$  uniquely determined by these equations

Lemma (for real this time)

$(\text{Tri}, \text{cut}, \text{rest})$  is terminal in the category of coalgebras  $(T, c, r)$ .

## Mechanization in the proof assistant Coq

- helped to find a mistake we made (already made by Abel, Matthes & Uustalu '05)
- reuses code by Matthes & Picard '11
- 3000 lines of code, among which 1500 by MP '11
- fully constructive and axiom-free
- tedious: coinduction in Coq cumbersome

- Ad hoc notion of weak constructive comonad is instance of relative comonad
- Develop comodules over relative comonads
- Terminal algebra semantics for codata family  $\text{Tri}$
- Bisimilarity and redecoration are part of universal object
- Not as straightforward as the  $\lambda$ -calculus because of cut
- Mechanization in  $\text{Coq}$

- Ad hoc notion of weak constructive comonad is instance of relative comonad
- Develop comodules over relative comonads
- Terminal algebra semantics for codata family `Tri`
- Bisimilarity and redecoration are part of universal object
- Not as straightforward as the  $\lambda$ -calculus because of `cut`
- Mechanization in `Coq`

Thanks for your attention

## Some references

- Altenkirch, Chapman & Uustalu: *Monads need not be endofunctors*
- Hirschowitz & Maggesi: *Modules over Monads and Linearity*
- Matthes & Picard: *Verification of Redecoration for Infinite Triangular Matrices using Coinduction*
- preprint about this work on the arXiv

TikZ pictures used with permission from Matthes and Picard